THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 3, 1870.

THE Kansas City Journal blows about being the largest city on the Missouri River, and admits that half the people in the East think it is in Kansas. "Such is fame."

Delaware. -J. W. Hughes; John Ross. Kickapoo.-J. Dixon; G Desano. High Prairie C. Carney E. Keller. Fairmount .- O. S. Hiatt.

THE Democrats are threatened with the embarrassing dilemma of no candidates this fall. These modest people linger in the back ground with a touching regard for each other's feelings.

WE are anxious to hear of the number of voters registered at Kansas City. There should be something near 4,500 according to their "census." But there is where the fraud will lose its grip.

A MAN was run over and killed near the cured on the river Agonou, at Veray, Sherman House, in Kansus City, on Tuesday night, by a train on the Missouri Pa-dth and 5th Baden regiments took part in cific. The lateness of the hour prevented the action. The German losses were genethe Journal-from which we copy-from ascertaining his name.

deserved compliment to two men, Col. Geo. Noble and R. B. Genmell of the Kansas Pacific Railway:

The thanks of the editorial excursion for the excellent arrangements for, and safety and pleasure attending, their trip to the mountains are most assuredly due to Col. George Noble, Assistant General Superintendent, and R. B. Gemmell, Esq., General Freight and Ticket Agent of the K. P. Railpersons joined her standard. Her appeals way. Mr. Noble went out with the party some two hundred miles, to see that all de-tails were perfect, while Mr. Gemmell attended them all the way through, to see that they were properly provided for and lacked nothing essential for a pleasure trip. The press gang are not an ungrateful set of fel-lows, and it will be many days before they forget the favors received at the hand of these

THE census is not the only thing they lie swindled out of their money and time, in lall princes and statesmen now present at the order that hotel keepers may have an opportunity to sell another meal, and if a stranger on the 22d, the Germans lost about 100 killgets out of there after once losing sight of ed and wounded. The French loss was the depot, it will be because external appearances do not indicate that he is worth going coming up to Leavenworth, from Southern | side the walls, for miles, is desolate. ticket, and was told that there was no train when there was one earlier via the Pacific. Another way these outrageous liars have of doing business is to direct passengers here by way of Cameron, telling them it is the only route. Kansas City is the only town we know of where strangers are misled in this

Doubts having been expressed that John B. Gough and Anna Dickinson will come west to lecture, C. W. Hayes, Agent of the Boston Lyccum Bureau, says:

In answer to these doubters I can positively say that they will come and lecture as announced eties composing the union. No lecturer has stroyed, been announced but what will positively come, and if there is any substituting in the course, the change will be for the better. cans are among the Franc-tireurs in Paris, Societies and all others concerned can rely and they are among the best marksmen in implicitly upon all lecturers that are an- the French army.

ber of our citizens are desirous of hearing are Garde Mobiles, and 100,000 Garde Nathese accomplished lecturers, and there tionales. would be great disappointment if there were REPORTS OF THE STRENGTH OF THE ARMY grounds for the doubts of their coming as advertised.

The Primary at Easton. at Rapp's Mill yesterday, to nominate a can-derating their enemy. didate to represent their District in the Legislature and to choose two delegates to the

County Convention. The meeting was organized with the fol- Moselle, as a precautionary measure. lowing officers: Q. H. Thomas, Chairman; E. Allen, Secretary; S. Robinson, Isaac Bai-

lev and E. McCormick, tellers. Ballotting resulted in the choice of the following delegates to the County Convention: Charles Strong and J. H. Fenton. Dr. Houts of Easton was unanimously

Resolutions were adopted intructing the

delegates to vote for Echelberry and Den-Resolutions instructing against Matthews

conceded to the country seemed to prevail. which he set forth. Republican Ently at Pleasant Ridge, continues unfavorable for military move

On Tuesday evening the School House at Steadily, and most of the time high winds have prevailed. This has been especially that neighborhood, to listen to a discussion the case in the north of France. The Prusof the issues of the pending political cam- sians in Normandy and in the Vorges find it paign in this county and State by Republican extremely difficult to move their artillery.

attendance. It is to the credit of the newly more inhumanly they treat the French inenfranchised class, here as elsewhere, that habitants, needlessly destroying farming they are proving themselves worthy of the utensils, looms and manufactures, tearing boon of the elective franchise, by thus im- down dwellings, killing horses and cattle, and proving every opportunity to qualify them-selves for intelligently using it. The same sagacity that enabled colored men, as sol-bad weather to inflict severe losses on the diers, to shoot in the right direction, will not fail them when they come to the ballot box. They do not mean that the fault shall e theirs, if they do not vote in the right

The meeting was called to order by Capt. The Prussians at Diux have Goble, and Rev. I. Sanderson was voted of 50,000 francs on the people. The first speaker, Capt. Wm. Matthews, of Leavenworth, addressed the colored peo-

ple in his usual happy, sensible vein. His speech was replete with good sound advice to the colored people as voters and citizens.

Mobiles in the province of Brittany to concentrate at Maus to oppose the progress of the Prussians, who seem to be moving in the Prussians, who seem to be moving in the province of Brittany to concentrate at Maus to oppose the progress of the Prussians, who seem to be moving in the province of Brittany to concentrate at Maus to oppose the progress of the Prussians, who seem to be moving in the province of Brittany to concentrate at Maus to oppose the progress of the province of Brittany to concentrate at Maus to oppose the progress of the province of Brittany to concentrate at Maus to oppose the progress of the province of Brittany to concentrate at Maus to oppose the progress of the progr colored people as voters and citizens.

Capt. Matthews was followed by General that direction. It is understood that when Larimer, J. A. Blackman, of Fairmount, the troops are collected there, Keratry will and Capt. Goble, in spirited speeches.

The name of Protestant took its rise from

The Name "Protestant."

change his religion (the Lutheran) was excretised, it should be maintained till the meeting of a council, if the ancient (the Popish) religion could not be restored without danger of disturbing the peace, but that the mass should not be abolished, nor the Catholics repulsed after a short engagement.

MISCELLANEOUS BATTLE ITEMS.

Austrain Government, regarded as decided and encouraging to the English propositions, is now pronounced to have been unsatisfactory in a high degree. The steps taken by the English Government, are felt to have resulted only in mortification for the Gladstone Ministry, and expressing weakness of the influence of England in Conshould not be abolished, nor the Catholics hindered from the free exercise of their religion, nor any of them allowed so embrace Lutheranism; that the Sacramentarians should be abolished from the empire; that the Anahaptists should be punished with death; and that no preachers should explain the gospel in any other sense than what was approved by the church. Six princes of the empire introduced their protest against this decree, namely: John, Electer of Saxony; George, Margrave of Branding of Saxony; George of Saxony; princes of the empire introduced their protest against this decree, namely: John, Elector of Saxony; George, Margrave of Brandenburg; Ernest and Francis, Dukes of Brunswick and Luenburg: Philip, Landgrave of Hesse; Wolfigang, Frince of Anhalt. To these were added the following free cities of Germany: Strasburg, Norinburg, Ulm, Constance, Linden, Memningen, Isme, St. Gall, Messuburg and Windsohina. And from this protest the Lutherans first obtained the name of Protestants, which was afterwards given in common to all who separated themselves from he practices of the Church of Rome.

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FEACE CONFERENCE.

MADRID, Oct. 27—Should a peace conference assemble at Versailles Minister Slammum of force required for the purpose of point of with considerable losses on the strictest discipline. Several sharp cagage.

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## TELEGRAPH

FOREIGN.

THE WAR. THE PRUSSIANS IMPRESSING MINERS. LONDON, Oct. 26-The Prussians have mpressed the miners into their service to repair the railways from the German frontier to Paris.

The bakers and butchers of Saarbrucken and other frontier towns have been ordered to prepare ample supplies for the German forces. TROCHU SEEKS AN OUTLET. London, Oct. 25 .- Gen. Trochu made

other attempt to force an outlet near Issy, on Monday, but was repulsed. WAR HORRORS.

The Germans, on their westward march, gutted the city of Besancon, in the Department of Soubs; they took thirty-seven carriages filled with wounded French soldiers.

The town of Chateau le Duc has been literally destroyed by the Prussians. PRUSSIAN VICTORIES.
The Carlsruhe Gazette, of this city, last

evening, published a despatch from General Von Beyer to the Duke of Baden, containing the following intelligence: On Saturday, the 22d, several victorious engagements oc rally insignificent.

NEGOTIATIONS WITH BAZAINE.

THE Lawrence Tribune pays the following German evacuation of Orleans, it has been ascertained that the city is still occupied. There are no indications from the advance on Blois and Vendome. They have made heavy requisitions on the people living in and around Chaetres.

persons joined her standard. Her appeals for recruits are said to be singularly patriotic WHEN THE FIRE ON PARIS WILL BE OPENED

LONDON, Oct. 26.-The Prussians have again announced that fire will be opened on Paris on the 29th inst. One thousand stoves have been ordered for the huts of the Prussians besieging Metz.

CELEBRATING.
VERSAILLES, Oct. 26.—Gen. Von Moltke celebrated his 70th birthday to-day, and re-ceived congratulations from the King, Crown about down in Kansas City. Travellers are Prince, principal officers of the army, and

IN THE COMBAT AT AIRY.

PARIS GIRDLED WITH BUIN. ances do not indicate that he is worth going London, Oct, 26.—Correspondents report through. A case in point: A gentleman Paris girdled with ruin. The country out-

Sir Francis Head writes to the Times, deticket, and was told that there was no train precating the English protests against the coming up except over the Missouri Valley, annexation of Alsace and Lorraine to Germany, seeing that England has captured and annexed more than 1,000,000, of men; more than all the rest of Europe together. CAPITULATION OF METZ.

Berlin, Oct. 27.—The King telegraphs to the Queen to-day: This morning Bazaine and Metz captulated; we have 150,000 prisoners, including 20,000 sick and wounded. The army and garrison laid down their arms this afternoon. One of the most importan events of the war. Providence be thanked! ACTIVITY OF THE PARISIANS.

LONDON, Oct. 27-The French make vigorous sorties whenever they see the slightest opportunity for advantage. They have also opened with artillery on the besiegers from the right bank of the Moselle, whereby the if they are living. I fully assured myself of the Prussians shelter, have been utterly de-

AMERICAN MARKSMEN. A Versailles letter says over 200 Ameri-

A MILITARY PAMPHLET We publish the above because a large num- just issued gives the entire strength of the French forces at 1,800,000, of which 400,000

AT LYONS are received here. It is not credited that it amounts to anything of importance, and it is believed it can be readily destroyed if desir-The Primary at Easton.

The Republicans of Easton Township met into the grievous fault of despising and un-

THE NEWS FROM METZ IS INTERESTING The activity of the garrison has greatly increased lately, and the Prussians have been compelled to destroy the bridge at Aus-sur-MOVEMENTS OF THE PRUSSIANS.

LILLE, Oct. 24, via Tours, Oct. 27.-St. Quentin has been evacuated. Amiens is not yet attacked. The Prussians retreated suddenly without commencing hostilities, and are now concentrating near Laon. THE SIEGE OF LA FORTE

is also abandoned. A large portion of the army of the Duke cominated as candidate for the Legisla- of Mecklenburg Schwerin is moving hastily towards Paris. GARIBALDI'S VICTORIES.

suddenly and decisively stopped. Their march upon Lyons has been checked by the victories of the French under Gazibaldi. In the east the Prussian army has been The latter, ever since he took command, has and in favor of Sloan, failed to carry. The impression that the School office should be acted vigorously, taking many prisoners and cannon, and accomplished the object for

THE WEATHER

INHUMANITY. peakers.

A good number of colored voters was in ttendance. It is to the credit of the newly infranchised class, here as elsewhere, that habitants, needlessly destroying farming enemy.

> The Mayor of Mont Didier has been dis issed for cowardice. AT THEIR OLD TRICKS The Prussians at Diux have levied a tax

THE PORVINCE OF BRITTANY CALLED TO ARMS. Tours, Oct. 27-Keratry has ordered all organize them himself for offensive warfare. totake any part in the recent English attemp Many regular troops also will be incorporated in this army. He has already issued a strong proclamation to the Mobiles promis-

cepts the delay as an indisposition on the part of Prussia to grant the request. THE FRENCH DETERMINED ON PROSECUTING

THE WAR. Tours, Oct. 27—Thus far no safe conduct has been forwarded from the Prussian head-quarters for Thiers. It is asserted here that Prussia's disinclination in this respect proceeds from her fear of having the Parisians informed of the true state of affairs elsewhere n France. The Prussians have thus, far, taken extraordinary pains to conceal from the beleaguered city the capacity of France for resistance. From all parts of the country there comes but one expression—the hope that the Government will accept no humiliating conditions as the price of peace. The journals of the city are unanimous that the only hope for fair terms lies in the indefinite tion of the war.

THE PRUSSIANS AT LAST CONSENT.

It is rumored that the Prussians have at ast consented to offer Thiers a safe conduct to Versailles, but no further. Thiers has refused to avail himself of this offer, as he must first confer with the government at INHABITANTS OF THE DEPARTMENTS OF THE

JURA AND VOSGES forwarded a petition to the authorities here against the acceptance of any peace based on the surrender of an inch of French territory. SUMMARY OF NEGOTIATIONS FOR AN ARMIS ST. PETERSBURG, Oct. 27.—The following

summary of negotiations on the part of the neutral powers of Europe, for an armistice, is published from authentic sources: After reciting the determination of the neutrals to seize the first opportunity for mediation that presented itself, the document proceeds: Russia, on Jules Favre's visit to the Prussian headquarters, believed the long-looked-for opportunity had arrived. At this moment Berlin, Oct. 25—cia London, 26th. The opportunity had arrived. At this moment, the receipt of a Prussian note on the subject of the probable early starvation of Paris, standing the disapproval of the French Govthe last child of this peculiarly afflicted family removed. One after another their little ones—ranging in age from one to eight years—have been taken away, until the crowning have successfully examined the defenses of that city by means of balloons, bereavement has fallen and left them alone.
Our esteemed fellow citizen and his estimable lady have the sincere sympathy of all who know them.

that city by means of balloons.
THE PRUSSIANS REPUSE PURTHER PAROLES
To French officers, because it has been ascertained that many thus released have resumed service in the French army.

MISCELLANEOUS ITEMS.

Notwithstanding the French reports of the Shew as supported by all the neutral powers.

THE TERMS OF PEACE.

LONDON, Oct. 27.—The Manchester Guar dian gives the following terms of peace which were proposed by England, Russia, and Austria. First—No cession of territory. second-The fortifications of Metz and Strasburg to be razed. Third-France to pay 200,000,000 francs indemnity. The Neutrals are to guarantee peace.
Tours, Oct. 27—Journals annot

long interview yesterday between Lord Lyons and Thiers.

FRANCE.

TRAITORS TO FRANCE SHOT. LONDON, Oct. 27.—It seems it is true that French gentlemen of note have been shot in Paris. One is Viscount De Castelebayoc M. Cartier, member of the French Jocke Club, is another; and the name of the third has not appeared. They were at the head of a small party in favor of surrender, and ento communicate with the enemy by

ANOTHER APPEAL TO THE FRENCH PEOPLE Tours, Oct. 27.—Gambetta has issued another circular to the Prefects of Depart ments, urging resistance to the enemy as the peculiar duty of the hour. Every town, vil-lage and hamlet should organize for resist-

THE NATIVES OF ALGERIA have been declared citizens of France, an that country divided into departments. MORE CIRCULARS TO THE PRENCH PROPLE. dressed to the Prefects of the several Departments, announcing that parties who furnish provisions for the enemy, willingly and with hope of gain, are to be tried by court martial as traitors. Gambetta has also notified the Prefects that

they must impress upon the Mayors of vari-ous towns in their departments the positive

duty of defending every town. Those who fail to do so will be dismissed, and the towns hemselves officially denounced. MISCELLANEOUS ITEMS. Tours, Oct. 27.-Information from Or leans says: All the shops and stores are closed, and the streets deserted by the inhabitants. The women almost universally appear in mourning. The Prussian officers endeavor to dispel the gloom, but ineffect-

ually. At Marseilles the affairs are more The journals suppressed have been allowed to reappear by order of Gambetta. The civic guard is unruly, and the authorities and citizens apparently pay little regard to it.

It is reported that Mazzini, has left Italy and is on the way to Tours.

The English at Paris are under the protection of Washburne, as the British Charge has not recognized the Republican Government and has no authority to act. Prospects of the new French loan are said

be ver favorable.

The iron founderies and dock yards Marseilles are wholly devoted to the manufacture of cannon and mitrailleuse. All other work, including ship building, is sus-

PRUSSIA. ELECTION FOR THE NEW DIET. Berlin, Oct. 26-The Prussian election

for the new diet is to be held on the 9th and 16th of November. GLOOMY ACCOUNTS EROM BERLIN. NEW YORK, Oct. 26-The Herald's Perlin special, dated the 24th, says: The up-permost feeling in Berlin, at the present moment, is an intense longing for peace, especially among the lower classes whose desire is emphasised more strongly day after day. They feel the early inclemency of the season, and picture to themselves the sufferings of their friends in the field. Their last penny has been vested in woolen underclothing and socks to be sent off to the army, and they loudly clasor for the termination of the war. A single battalion of Landwehr, under Gen. Kummer, at Metz, in repelling Bazaine's

and 1,070 orpnans.

Dissatisfaction prevails in political circles, on account of the secrecy observed by the Government relative to negotiations for the entrance of the Southern States in the German Confederation. The only information to be vouchsafed comes from Versailles, and represents Bavaria and Wurtemburg, eager to rush headlong into the arms of the Confederation, while it is well known the Liberals of Munich, Stuttgardt and other places openly demand a German Parliament, and a new revised Constitution. The position of Prussian leaders is by no means the same now as victories and unwilling to go further for pur-

GREAT BRITAIN.

THE WRECKED STEAMER. LONDON, Oct. 27.—The stern of the wrecked steamer, Cambria, has drifted ashore at Islay, Scotland. So far as it is known here, there is but one survivor of the disas

ter, (McGartland). THE POUR MISSING BOATS OF THE CAMBRIA were found empty, to-day, in the Giant's Causeway. No trace of the passengers of crew were discovered. WEAKNESS OF ENGLAND'S INFLUENCE IN CONTINENTAL AFFAIRS.

LONDON, Oct. 26.-The World's special says: Great annoyance and uncasiness is caused in the minds of the English Ministry, by the guarded but absolute refusal of Rus The name of Protestant took its rise from the following circumstances: At a diet of the princes of the empire held at Spires, in Germany, in the year 1529, it was decreed by the majority there present, that in those places where the edict of Worms had been received, it would be lawful for no one to change his religion (the Lutheran) was excepted in London to-night, it is feared Russia is quietly negotiating on her own account, with a view of isolating Great Britain, on the Eastern question, both from the true and brave come, whose rallying cry shall be received, it would be lawful for no one to change his religion (the Lutheran) was excepted in London to-night, it is feared Russia is quietly negotiating on her own account, with a view of isolating Great Britain, on the Eastern question, both from the true and brave come, whose rallying cry shall be religion (the Lutheran) was excepted in London to-night, it is feared Russia is quietly negotiating on her own account, with a view of isolating Great Britain, on the Eastern question, both from Austrain Government, too, though at first regarded as decided and encouraging to the Eastern question, but he true and brave come, whose rallying cry shall be received, it would be lawful for no one to change his religion (the Lutheran) was excepted in London to-night, it is feared Russia is quietly negotiating on her own account, with a view of isolating Great Britain, on the Eastern question, both from the true and brave come, whose rallying cry shall be "God and the country!"

AN ATTACK AND REPULSE.

the great powers. It is certain that Prussia and England have committed themselves in his favor.

CAPITAL CONVENTION.

A Remountion Reported to Favor of Removal to the Hissinsippi Valley
CINCINNATI, Oct. 26—The Capital Convention reassembled at 10 o'clock. The Committee on Resolutions reported in favor of the removal of the Capital to the Mississippi Valley, and to some point as near as possible to the center of population, territory, production and transportation, and with reference to the future as well as the present. They demand of the nation, also, to oppose further appropriations for new buildings in the District of Columbia. They reaffirm the resolutions of the St. Louis Convention, and recommend the appointment of vention, and recommend the appointment of a Committee to memorialize Congress at the next session in favor of the passage of a joint resolution authorizing the appointment of Commissioners to examine into the question of the removal and relocation of the Capital,

of the removal and relocation of the Capital, and report at an early day.

Mr. Beach, of Ohio, offered a resolution declaring the agitation of the removal uncalled for and unwise, and proposing a sinc die adjournment of the Convention.

A discussion followed, participated in by Hallam, of Kentucky; Forsbey, of Texas; Reavis, of Missouri; Moonlight, of Kansas; Ambrose, of Nebraska; Scott, of Washington Territory; Coggswell, of Nebraska; Wayne Griswold, of Ohio; Moore, of Ohio; Beardsley, of Iowa, and Black, of Illinois—in favor, and Beach and Williams, of Ohio—opposed. The vote is not yet taken. Adjournment of the Convention.

CINCINNATI, Oct. 26.—Beach's substitute to the report of the committee on resolutions, in the Capital Convention, was lost by only two votes in the affirmative.

Mr. Williams of Ohio, moved to design nate Cincinnati as the place for the Capital, but subsequently withdrew his motion The resolutions were then adopted with but one

The chair then appointed a committee, memorializing Congress, Jos. Medill, Ills.; J. W. Stevenson, Ky.; Horace Greeley; W. Burwell, La.; and L. U. Reavis. On motion the executive committee, sisting of one from each state and territory represented, was appointed to take charge of the whole subject, and call conventions, and employ other means as deemed best. This committee was organized with E. B. Harlin of Illinois, President; L. U. Reavis, Secretary; and Silas Bent, Treasurer. A vote approving the action of Congre refusing to make appropriations for further improvement to public buildings, in the District of Columbia, was unanimously passed.

NEW YORK.

General Ackerman to Remain in New York—The Laws of Congress to be Enforced.

NEW YORK, Oct. 25—Attorney General eckerman has established his headquarters the Astor House, where he will remain until after election, to pronounce upon all ques-tions of law that may arise. He is instructed to see that all the rights of the citizens are respected, and that the authority of the Uni-ted States Government is maintained in all its integrity. He was in consultation with United States Senator Conkling, yesterday, and the Senator subsequently remarked that the determination was to enforce the act of Congest at all hazards. No doubt-ful or questionable power will be assumed by the officers, but they will enforce such pro-sible event had taken place above. cesses as they are assured they will be sus-tained in executing. The preparations for that purpose are being perfected every day, and there will be no lack of authority to back up the officers. The Eighth United States Infantry will arrive in the harbor to-night, from Charleston. This regiment is about trepide! Nadar is lost? were the cries that six hundred strong, and will be reinforced rival. Other forces of considerable strength cend rapidly in his car, and the balloun to will concentrate in the vicinity of New York people will probably never see them, the fact that they are on hand will be consoling to one party, and the evil-doors of the consoling fact that they are on hand will be consoling to one party, and the evil-doers of the other. The officers charged with the duty of the execution of the laws of Congress for the preservation of the purity of the ballot, mean business this time, and their Government. business this time, and their Government

means to sustain them. The Attorney General telegraphed to the President last evening, that matters were quiet in this city, and that the resistance Monday was not of a serious character. Secretary Robeson left this city Monday.

The Naval forces at Brooklyn and upon the waters of New York harbor will be held in readiness to sustain officers in executing process and enforcing the laws. There is no ackwardness anywhere.

Military to be Stationed in New York. Sr. Louis, Oct. 26.—The Republican's Washington special says: There is no doubt whatever that a very considerable military force is to be stationed in New York during the November election, to enforce the new Congressional Election Law. The estimate was placed in military quarters to-day as high as four thousand. Gen. Terry has been ordered to command them, notwithstanding the fact that Gen. McDowell is at the head of the Department of the East.

Movement of Troops. NEW YORK, Oct. 27.-Preparations are being made at the Marine Barracks for the occupation of detachments of marines from Washington, Philadelphia and Boston navy yards. There will be about eight companies of marines called here, to remain until election is over, in pursuance of orders from Washington. The force now in the bar-racks numbess about 300 men, all in a high strte of efficiency. Reinforcements to be sent here will doubtless swell the forces to 700 or 800 men.

Grain of Reality Spiced With Lump of Lively Imagination. Sr. Louis, Oct. 27.-The Republican's New York special says: Marshal Sharpe began, to-day, the task of swearing in 10,-000 deputies. He said he would take every man known to be a good Radical. If he could get 30,000, he would take every one. It is not believed that he will be able to find 5,000. Every honest Republican is dis-gusted and alarmed at Federal interference in the State and municipal elections, and it is confidently predicted that, of the 42,000 Republicans in this city, one-third will vote the Democratic ticket and one-third abstain from voting at all. There will be no riot on election day, unless it is a part of the Radical programme to force one; but the ballots once in the boxes, and counted, we would pity the marine or soldier who dares to show his face in our streets. The true reason why the Governor and Mayor will allow the Federal soldiers to interfere in the elections is that the militia are not to be relied upon, the commanding officers being principally Radi-cal politicians, appointed by Gov. Fenton.

immer's Lecture on the Duel Re-tween France and Germany. Bosron, Oct. 26-Hon. Charles Sumner livered one of his lectures to-night on the length, condemning France as the aggressor, and the Emperor for, in addition to the continuing offence of his public life, three un-pardonable crimes, viz: Violation to the conable crimes, viz: Violation of public duty and faith, disloyalty to Republican con-stitutions, and this cruel and causeless war, of which he is the guilty author. Let him fall but not the people of France. Cruelly already have they expiated their offence in accepting such a ruler. Not always should they suffer. After the capitulation at Sedan there was a double mistake; first, on the part of Germany, which as a magnanimous conqueror, should have proposed peace and farm produce, then droves of cattle, pigs. secondly, on the part of the Republic, which should have declined to wage a war

of Imperialism. Mr. Sumner then stated three essential conditions of peace. 1st. The natural requirements of Germany demand complete guarantees against future aggression. 2d. The natural requirements of France demand that the guaranty, while sufficient, shall be such as not to wound, needlessly, the sentiments of the French people, or offend any principle of public law. The third demands alike justice and humanity, and the establishment of some rule by which the recurrence of such barbarous duels shall be prevented. It will not be enough to obtain a guaranty for Germany; there must be a guaranty for civilization on the LONDON, Oct. 27.—It is reported that England, Prossia and Italy have accquiesced in the candidature of Aosta for the Spanish Crown.

mple is more than an army. But not on this account can we be indifferent when hu-man rights are assailed or Republican consti-

tutions are in question.

The III-Fasted Cumbria—The Lest Passengers from Chienge.

Chicago, Oct. 25.—The Journal of this city says: On Saturday we mentioned the fact that among the passengers on the illifated stamship Cambria, wrecked off the coast of Ireland, were four persons from Chicago—General Hasbrouck Davis, and Col. Richard Nelson Hayden, his mother and sister. No intelligence has since been received that furnishes the least ground to hope that either of these parties survived the terrible disaster, which plunged nearly one hundred and fifty human beings into a watery grave; but the sad conclusion only is left that the four persons named, perished with their fellow passengers. Our local columns of Saturday contained a brief biographical sketch of General Davis, whose unexpected demise has spread gloom over all his numerous friends and associates in this city. Colonel Hayden also leaves a large circle of friends here, who are deeply shocked and grieved by the intelligence of his death. He was an excellent citizen, and a gentleman of genial, social qualities. He served as a Captain in General Hasbrouck Davis' regiment, and the General accompanied the family to Europe, where they intended to remain a year. When in Chicago, the family resided on Michigan avenue, near Twenty-sixth street. The sister of the Colonel, who accompanied him on that fatal voyage, was Miss Lilly Hayden. A young lady of about sixth street. The sister of the Colonel, who accompanied him on that fatal voyage, was Miss Lilly Hayden, a young lady of about twenty summers. Another sister of Colonel Hayden was to have accompanied the party, but ill-health and repugnance to the sea voyage induced her to decline the undertaking. She is now lying very ill at the residence of her husband, No. 364 Calumet avenue. It has been deemed advisable to keep her in ignorance of the mainful intelligence, lest the ignorance of the painful intelligence, lest the shock might prove fatal in her delicate state

Battle in the Clouds-French and Prussian Balloonists in Dendly Con-The following extraordinary stateme appears in a Belgian paper called the Wan-relles du Jour, from one of its correspondents at the seat of war, which note was carried to

Brussels by a carrier pigeon:
"Parts, Oct. 1, 1870. "Nadar returned yesterday to Paris. Hi eturn was not effected without much trouble lthough the balloon was favored with good wind since his departure from Tours. But I will narrate the facts in their chronological order:
"He left Tours at 6 o'clock in the morn

3,000 metres above the fort of Clarenton. At the same time as the Intrepide—which was the name of Nadar's balloon—appeared, a second balloon was observed in the horizon.

Nadar was seen to display a streamer with
the national colors. Immediately another
national flag floated from the car of the other balloon. Vigorous cries of 'C est Durouf! proceeding from the garrison of the fort, greeted the appearance of the two aeronauts, whose balloons gradually approached. "When they were within a short distance of each other, suddenly a loud report was heard in the air, followed by a series of ex-plosions. These were at first thought to be demonstrations or signals of victory, until Nadar was seen to fling himself into the net-During this time the other aronaut contin ued firing shots at Nadar, which weae traced in the sky by their luminous effects. The In-trepide descended rapidly, and it appeared to

he spectators below that some incompreher trepide! Nadar is lost! were the cries that | St burst simultaneously from the French people. But Nadar was safe; for he was seen to des

been following the aerial combatants through out the exciting struggle, rushed forward and surrounding the balloon, received their champion-God knows in what conditionand then all hastened off at full speed to the Prussian advanced posts. In the meantim Nadar descended safely at Charenton, when he still remains."
The Echo du Parlement, commenting upor

this recital, observes:
"While the Nourelles du Jour was pu lishing this extraordinary description of an perial combat, we read in the correspondence ddressed from Versailles to the Times of September 30: " 'An inexplicable phenomenon has just ben received at Versailles. Two balloons at-

tached to each other, have been hovering over Paris, moved by a strong east wind he direction of the forest of St. Germain, where they disappeared suddenly behind the "This journal also states that a smalle balloon was seen at about the same time

above Neffe, near Bastogne. Its progress appeared to be very slow, and it seemed to fall not very far from the latter spot. This balloon was supposed to have ascended from the garrison of Metz."

IRELAND. Terrible Scenes in Wicklow—One Hun dred and Fifty Persons Evicted.

Dublin (September 21st) Correspondence of the New York Herald, 1 After all the strife, the discussion pitterness occasioned by the land bill, of last session, it now turns out that the work of extermination in Ireland proceeds as vigormsly as ever. Alas! I fear there is no hope for the Irish peasantry, at least in our gen-eration. Another land bill must be passed, as much in advance of Mr. Gladstone's as Mr. Gladstone's is in advance of the old sys-tem, before they can be secure in their hold-ings, and even then their position will be

Precarious enough.

Near Baltinglass, in the County of Wick-low, on the estate of Mr. Dick, the member of Parliament for that county, what think you took place during the last few days? No less than twenty-four families—one hundred less than twenty-four families—one hundred and forty-six persons in all—were sent adrift upon the world. All of them, without exception, were well to do, and owed not a penny of rent. They were willing to pay penny of rent. They were willing to pay higher rent sooner than be obliged to "go," but their offer to this effect was not accepted. Mr. Dick, "the patriotic member for the county," happened to be travelling on the Continent, and, of course, could not be com-municated with, either by the suffers or their friends. He was, therefore, spared the nn-pleasant task of listening to the importunities of his serfs, or of witnessing the terrible tragedy enacted by his express command. Dr. Gowing, an eye witness, thus des-cribes what he saw: "Here was a scene. The mother an aged woman, with eleven children, fainted at the last conjuncture, and was deemed to be dying. Her son gave me delivered one of his lectures to-night on the duel between France and Germany, with its lesson to civilization. He reviewed the cause and history of the present war at length, condemning France as the aggressor, and the Emperor for, in addition to the conditions to the conditions of the conditions of the conditions to the conditions of the conditions of the church which the holy ministrations of the church, which more than anything else, convey consolation to the troubled heart. When I bid her be calm and resigned, she told me her heart was breaking; that she had had many sor-rows through life—the death of her children, worldly disappoint horses, fowl, men, women, boys, and little children. I exhorted them to be patient, but my words were drowned by the wild cry louis, Mo. sep14w122 but my words were drowned by the wild cry

> From the Chicago Journal, Oct. 24. About the 27th of July last, we noted the departure of Mr. E. T. Mather, in a small row boat for Lake Superior; since then his arrival at Marquette in safety. His success in rowing so many miles in his listle bark, emboldened him to attempt the return en-tirely by water through the straits. Since August 17th, ultimo, his friends have been

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PERSONAL.

TICKNOR & CO., the Celebrated Clothiers ORDERING CLOTHING BY LETTER To which they call Your Special Attention.
They if requested will send you their improved and accurate littles for Self-Measurement, and a full line of samples from their Immense stock of Cloths, Cassimeres, Coatings, &c., &c., thus emabling parties in any part of the country to order their clothing direct from them, with the cortainty of receiving garments of the very Latest Style and most Propert For attainable. of receiving garments of the very LATEST STYLE and most PERFECT FIT attainable.

Goods ordered will be sent by express, to be paid for on delivery, providing that if they too NOT FIT, they can be returned at THRIE EXPENSE.

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PUBLIC NOTICE.

REVENUE REFORM!!!

TO VOTERS AND TAX-PAYERS.

ing, and the the bold aeronaut arrived in view of Paris at 11 o'clock floating about

DELIEVING THAT THE PRESSURE QF
Taxation has at last driven the people to examine the principles upon which they are taxed, and that the further this examination is carried, the deeper will grow the popular conviction that a form of taxation which has entailed widespread distress in nearly every branch of industry must be radically wrong, the American Free Trade League feel that they can do the public no greater service than to furnish it with documents, facts, and figures concerning the operation of the tariff. They have, therefore, prepared for gratuitous distribution the following tracts, which will be sent on receipt of six cents for postage:

Opiniors of Distinguished Men upon Free Trade; On the Collection of Revenue, by Edward Atkinson; The Fallacies of Protection, by Francis Liebe; The League's Address to the American People; How to Form Free Trade Leagues; The Free Trade Speech of E. M. Chamberlin, (Candidate of the Labor Party of Massachusetts for Governor of the State); The "Parsee" Letters The Tariff as it is, and as it should be; How the High Tariff oppresses the Poor; Freedom of Trade ested by the Experience of England and France; American Industry and the Tariff—an A bridgment of Wells's Report for 1869; No British Free Trade; Protection to Native Pies; The American Carrying Trade; Free Trade and our Farmers; To the Manufacturers of the United States; Facts for Free Traders; A Home Market—Grain cheap and Goods dear.

In German:
Platform of the American Free Trade League; In German: Platform of the American Free Trade League Adress to the American People; The Free Trac Platform of the American Free Trade League to the American People; The Free Trade League to its Subscribers and the Pu lie; Protection; Protection and Monopoly; Protect Me. All of which can be obtained, on receipt of six cents for jostage, by application to MAHLON SANDS, Esq.,

No. 9 Nassau street, New York. Persons willing to act as distributors will be sup-died on application gratuitously; but as the con-ributions of its friends are the League's only sup-sort, all are requested to give the cause what they

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FOR SALE.

THOMAS LEESON.

PARM FOR SALE.—129 ACRES PRAIRIE— ion, Leavenworth County. \$1,000 cash down. J. A. BLACKMAN. Fairmount, Kansas. WANTED.

Our Father's UN-WRIT-

Shows us untold riches and beauties in the Great House, With its Blooming flowers, Singing birds, Waving Palms, Rolling clouds, Beautiful bow, Sacred mountains, Delightful rivers, Mighty oceans, Thundering voices, Blazing heavens and vast universe with countless beings in millions of worlds, and reads to us in each the Unwritten Word. Roseinted paper, ornate engravings and supurb binding. Intelligent men and women wanted to introduce the work in every township and village. Light business. Good pay. Send for circular, description, endorsements and terms to agents, ZEIG-LER & McCURDY, 503 N. Sixth-st., St. Louis, Mo. EVERY ONE HIS OWN DOCTOR.

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ANTED—AGENTS, (20 per day) to sell the celebrated HOME SHUTTLE SEWING MACHINE. Has the under-feed, makes the "lock stitch" (alike on both sides,) and is fully licensed. The best and cheapest family Sewing Maching in the market. Address JOHNSON, CLARK & CO., Sestimity Sewing Maching in the market. Address JOHNSON, CLARK & CO., Sestimity Sewing Maching in the market. Address JOHNSON, CLARK & CO., Sestimity Sewing Maching in the market. Address JOHNSON, CLARK & CO., Sestimity Sewing Maching in the market. Address JOHNSON, CLARK & CO., Sestimity Sewing Maching in the market. Address JOHNSON, CLARK & CO., Sestimity Sewing Maching in the market. Address JOHNSON, CLARK & CO., Sestimity Sewing Maching in the market. Address JOHNSON, CLARK & CO., Sestimity Sewing Maching in the market. Address JOHNSON, CLARK & CO., Sestimity Sewing Maching in the market. Address JOHNSON, CLARK & CO., Sestimity Sewing Maching in the market. Address JOHNSON, CLARK & CO., Sestimate the market address on receipt of 50 cts. Address JOHNSON, CLARK & CO., Sestimate the market address and receipt of 50 cts. Address JOHNSON, CLARK & CO., Sestimate the market address son receipt of 50 cts. Address JOHNSON, CLARK & CO., Sestimate the market address JOHNSON, CLARK & CO., Sestimate the market address JOHNSON, CLARK & CO., Sestimate the market address JOHNSON, CL

but my words were unversely to the women, "We have no home to-night.

The next emigrant ship may, in all probability, land some of the poor sufferers in New York, for to the hospitable shores of America the unhappy children of Erin turn are clearing from \$100 to \$150 per month selling this book. Also, our "BIBLE HISTORY," by J. E. Stebbins. Send for circulars, and see our terms and extra premiums to agents. and extra premiums to agents.

Address F. A. HUTCHINSON & CO., 502 North Sixth street, St. Louis, Mo. 10-3w124

LEGAL NOTICE. Administrator's Notice.

THE STATE OF KANSAS, } ss LEAVENWORTH COUNTY. In the Probate Court, in and for said County. In the matter of the Estate )

Augustus M. Sawyer, Dec'd. )

NOTICE is hereby given that Letters of Administration have been granted to the undersigned on the Estate of Augustus M. Sawyer, late of said County, deceased, by the Honorable, the Probate Court of the County and State aforesaid, dated the 14th day of October, A. D. 1870. Now, all persons having claims against the said estate, are hereby notified, that they must present the same to the undersigned for allowance within one year from the date of saidletters, or they may be precluded from any benefit of such estate, and that if such claims be not exhibited within three years after the date of said letters, they shall be forever barred.

MARTHA B. SAWYER, Adm'r.

Of the Estate of Augustus M. Sawyer, Dec'd. Leavenworth City, Oct. 14th, 1870. oct16111&w2w

MEDICAL.

WARNERS PIE REMEDY.

WARNER'S PILE REMEDY HAS NEVER WARNER'S PILE REMEDY HAS NEVER failed not even in one case! to cure the very worst cases of Blind, Itching or Riceding Piles. Those who are afflicted should immediately call on their druggist and get WARNER'S FILE REMEDY. It is expressly for the Piles, and is not recommended to cure any other disease. It has cured many cases of over thirty years standing. Price One Bollar. For sale by druggists everywhere.

DYSPEPSIA. WARNER'S DYSPEPSIA TONIC IS PRE-PARED expressly for Dyspeptics and those suffer-ing with habitual Costiveness. It is a slightly stim-ulating tonic and a splendid appetizer; it strength-ens the stomach and restores the digestive organs to their healthy state. Weak, nervous and dyspeptic persons should use WARNER'S DYSPEPSIA TONIC. For sale by druggists. Price One Dollar.

WARNER'S EMMENAGOGUE is the only arti-cle known to cure the Whites, [it will cure in every case.] Where is the family in which this impor-tant medicine is not wanted? Mothers, this is the greatest blessing ever offered you, and you should immediately procure it. It is also a sure cure for female Irregularities, and may be depended upon in every case where the monthly flow has been ob-structed through cold or disease. Sold by druggists. rice One Pollar. Or sent by mail on receipt of One Pollar and a quarter.

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Dr. Smith's Electric Oil.

IT CURES SICK HEADACHE IN TWENTY minutes, Peafness, Salt Rheum, Rheumatise, Erysipelas, Piles, Croup, Neuralgia, Cankers, Fel-ons, Burns, Cuts, &c., Twenty drops the largest dose. No alcohol, Capsicum, Camphor, or

[From the Largest Drug House in Boston.]
We have sold a large quantity of DR. SMITH'S
"Electric Oil," which is spoken of with unqualified praise. Good reports from every bottle.
WEEKS & POTTER, Wholesale Druggists, 154 Washington-st., Thousands of Pollars are lost in time by farm Thousands of Pollars are lost in time by farmers and business men, when a few dimes expended for the proper remedy at the right time, would have saved all pain and trouble. Pain is but a friendly admonition, and nature warns us in time. Some men are skeptical and selfish, others hopeful and generous, none have the right to disregard the suffering child or the poor or ignorant. The rich can travel 1000 miles and pay \$1,000 fees, cure or no cure. But What of the Poor?

When on earth, Christ invariably commended every good work; the act of the Good Samaritan, and all useful and efficient labor for man's anal-ioration, and He devoted His every waking hour to unselfish efforts—no time for malignant faultfinding and petty, jealousy.

benefaction, like Dr. GALUTIA R. SMITH'S "Elec-tric Oil," of Philadelphia, a remedial so unlike any other known, as to attract the instant notice of medical measure all sufferers. The great cures daily made are **not miracu-**lous, and yet seem like enchantment. Consider-able sums have been offered for the preparation— and some dealers sell as high as 100 to 200 bottles in

This Electric Oil is just what it purports to This Electric Oil is just what it purported be. No decaption—no miscover may be tried on the spot. Dr. Smith frequently cures men and women, bactors and Druggists, Ministers and Law-more deathly Sick Headache, within 20 minutes, in the Drug Stores, when color store appears on the pallid check, the eye begins to brighten up, and cheerfulness takes the place of abject misery.

From the Largest Drug House West of St. Louis. Dr. Surru—Please send us 30 dozen small and 20 dozen large size of your "Electric Oil." It has made a number of cures here and gives good satisfaction HARDY & CO.

It cores and that is why it sells, Dg. Surru—Dear Sir:—We are entirely out of bollar size of your "Electric Oil." Not a single bottle in the store. Send five gross large and ten gross small. We are having large sales.

Yours truly,

J. BALCH & SON.

Doctors are Using it.

the best medicine I ever used for deafness. Gro. L. Whitrourb, M. D. (Everybody knows HARCOURT, Agent for Peoples Line of Steamers for 25 years.)

White Swelling Cured. ALBANY, December, 7 ALBANY, December, 7.
Dr. SMITH, Philadelphia—Dear Sir: Your Electric Oil cured my son, who was for two years under the care of an eminent physician, and given up a cripple for life [Signed,] J. W. HARCOURT.

Dr. SMITH: Your Electric Oil is selling well. The Dollar size sells best, here. Send me 24 dozen Yours truly, N. D. LABADIE. of each size.

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Lantern: its Globe is Lantern; its Globe is smoked less in a mouth

ing: It saves enough in Oil and Globes to pay for Itself in a single winter; it cannot be made to heat or take fire as all other Kerosone Lanterns often do, and hence Insurance men give it their unqualified approval. It is as safe as the best Lard Oil Lantern, and gives three times the light at one-fifth the cost. Wind and motion Improve its burning. For sale by all dealers. Made by CHICAGO MAN'F'G CO., Chicago, Ill.

WANTED. A GENTS WANTED-(\$225 A MONTH) BY the AMERICAN KNITTING MACHINE CO., Boston Mass., or St. Louis, Mo. oct18w125 LEGAL NOTICES.

Publication Notice. THE STATE OF KANSAS, } SS Leavenworth County. SS
In the District Court of the first Judicial District of the State of Kansas, sitting in the county of Leavenworth, in said State.

Edmund A. W. Hunter, Plaintiff, John H. Day, George W. Ward, John A. Hablerman, Charlotte A. N. McAulay, Daniel Shire, Henry Shire, Jane Patterson, Mildred Pat-terson, David S. Burnett, Michael O' Mara, William H. Ralston, Flora Tack, and Alexander V. A. Tack, Defendants.

VOU, THE ABOVE NAMED JOHN H. DAY.

ALL.

AMED C EXPRESSLY for Dyspeptice and those suffering with habitual Costriences. It is a slightly state in serious the dispertion of passes the contact and restores the dispertion of passes the contact and restores the dispertion of passes to the contact and restores the dispertion of passes to the contact and th John H. Pay, to said plaintiff, on or because of the note, mortgage deed and decree heroimafter mentioned and the costs of said action and that the proceeds arising from such saic thereof be applied to the payment of the costs of said action and the amount to be found due said plaintiff on said note, mortgage deed and decree with interest on such amount from the time of the rendition of judgment at the rate of ten per cent per annum, and that the several defendants in said action and every case of them, including yourselves and every person claiming by, from, through or under any of said defendants be forever barred and foreclosed of and from all and any right and equity of redemption and other right whatever of, on, in or to said tracts of land and every of them from and after such sale thereof.

And that you and all of said defendants and all persons claiming from or under you or them or any of you or them, be ordered, required and adjudged to deliver possession of said tracts of hand to the grantee or grantees in every deed made in pursuance of such sale, so soon as demand therefor shall be made, unless the defendants in said action or some one or more of them shall pay or cause to be paid to said plaintiff within some short time to be fixed by the Court, the amount of such judgment, that is such sum of money as the Court shall find in this action to be due to said plaintiff from said John H. Day on and because of the matters hereimafter mentioned, with interest thereon at the rate of ten per cent per annum from the time of the rendition of judgment in said action.

Which last mentioned amount of money is by said plaintiff claimed to be due him from said John H. Day, and he, said plaintiff, claims to have a lien on the above described tracts of land therefor, and a right to have the same sold for the satisfaction of judgment in said action.

Which last mentioned amount of money is by said plaintiff claimed to be due him from said John H. Day, and he, said plaintiff, claims to have a lien on the above describ

terest thereon at the rate of thirty per cent per al-num after the maturity thereof until paid.

And on the 8th day of November, 1859, the said John H. Day, for the purpose and in order to secure the payment of the aforesaid promissory note and sum of money and interest therein specified, made, executed and delivered to said plaintiff his certain mortgage deed of that date and thereby conveyed to certain action then pending therein in equity, wherein said Edmund A. W. Hunter was plainted wherein said Edmund A. W. Hunter was plaintiff and said John H. Day and others were defendants, on a bill filed and prosecuted by said plaintiff for the foreclosure of said mortgage deed, among other things the said Court did then find that there was then due to said plaintiff from said John H. Day on said note the sum of eight thousand, six hundred and eleven 29-100 dollars (88,611-29), and that said plaintiff then had a lien by mortgage for the pay-ment of the same on the several tracts of land herein above described.

And said court in said action then 'among other things ordered, adjudged and decreed that all and hings ordered, adjudged and decreed that all and ingular the several tracts of land above described It is true that Dr. Smith advertises very largely yet, even that Dr. Smith advertises very largely yet, even that by no means alone accounts for such rapid and continuous demand. The oil cures, which the people find out. Strong & Arrest room, of Cleveland sold 193 bottles in one day. Werks & Potters, the cannent Druggists of Roston, sold 430 sale the costs in that suit to be taxed, and also the

> And you are also nervely interceived that he several thrates of land above described have been attached in this the above entitled action as the property of said John H. Day, under and by virtuo of a certain order of attachment heretofore besued in said action and directed to the Sheriff of said county execute, who made such attachment by virtu-

mount so found due as aforesaid, together with legal interest thereon from the date of said decree, which said decree still remains in full force wholly

And you are also hereby further notified that the

Dated this 25th day of October, 1870. CLOUGH & WHEAT, Attorneys for Plaintiff.

Publication Notice.

STATE OF KANSAS, LEAVENWORTH COUTNY, j 255 in the District Court of the First Judicial District of the State of Kansas, sitting in the County of Leavenworth, in said State. harles H. Pond, Plaintiff,

Otto H. Viergatz, Sophia Viergatz, The Hazard Fow-der Company, Lucien Scott and Lyman Scott, Defend-VOU, THE HAZARD POWDER COMPANY

YOU, THE HAZARD POWDER COMPANY above named are hereby notified that you, together with the other defendants above named, have been sued by the above named plaintiff, Gharles H. Pond, in the above mentioned Court, and that said plaintiff has in said Court filed his petition in the above entitled action against you and the other defendants above named, and that you must answer said petition on or before the ninth day of becomber A. D. 1879, or said petition will be taken as true, and judgment rendered accordingly, of the following nature, to-wit: That unless the defendants in said action or some of them, shall pay or cause to be paid to said plaintiff, within some short time, to be fixed by the Court, the amount which shall be found due to said plaintiff from Otto H. Viergutz, on that certain promissory note, dated of the 20th day of September, 1867, by which said Otto H. Viergutz promised to pay in two years after the date thereof, to the order of Albert Cooper and Charles H. Pond, comprising the firm of Cooper & Fond, ten thousand dollars with interest thereon at the rate of seven per cent, per annum from the date thereof courtless of court or the said court of the court of the rate of seven per cent, per annum from the date thereof a real to contract or the contract of the rate of seven per cent, per annum from the date thereof or the contract of the court of WHOLESALE DRUGGIST, the rate of seven per cent. per annum from the dat-thereof until paid, and in and by which note, said thereof until paid, and in and by which note, said Otto H. Viergutz waived the benefit of every not of the Legislature of the State of Kansas, which provides for, or allows redemetion of real estate from any sale thereof, which note was by said Cooper and Pond indorsed, and delivered to said plaintiff before the same became due, then the following described tract of land situate, lying and being in the county of Leavenworth and State of Kansas, namely. Leanumbered twenty-two (22), in block numbered twenty-two (22), in block numbered twenty-two (21), of the City of Leavenworth proper, which said Otto H. Viergutz and Sophia Viergutz, his wife, on the 12th day of August, A. D., 1885, mortgaged and by mortgage deed conveyed to said his wife, on the Lith day of August, A. D., less, mortgaged and by mortgage deed conveyed to said Albert Cooper and Charles H. Pond to seeme the payment of said note, he sold without redemption therefrom by the sheriff of said county, and that the proceeds arising from such sale thereof, he applied to the payment of the costs of said action and the amount due said plaintiff on said note, with interest on such amount at the rate of seven percent per annum from the time of the rendition of such judgment, and that the defendants in said action and each of them and all persons claiming under, by, or through said defendants, or any of them, be forever barred and forclosed of and from all and any right and equity of redemption and EDDY'S SURE CURE

> or them, or any or either of them be ordered, required and adjudged to be ordered, required and adjudged to be deliver possession of said tract of land to the grantee or grantees in every deed made in pursuance of such sale so soon as demand therefor shall be made. Dated this 25th day of October, A. D., 1870. CLOUGH & WALAT.

all and any right and equity of redemption and other right whatever, of, on, in or to said tract of land from and after such sale thereof, and that you and they, and each of them, and all persons chaim-

le bonis non, of the Estate of J. B. Pickering, dec'd.

NOTICE.

STATE OF KANSAS, Leavenworth County, 1 SS In Justices Court, before Richard R. Rees, a Justice of the Peace of Leavenworth Township, Leav-enworth County, and State of Kansas. Joseph Harrop, Plaintiff, OVER 150,000 sold last H. Leimke, Defendant.

oct21w126 By G. W. English, his Att'y. than others are in an even-BELL FOUNDRY.

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